

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **EASY FIX SOLUTION Product Name**

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1. IDENTIFIC	ATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER
Supplier Name	SUPERIOR COATINGS AUSTRALIA
Address	Factory 6, 15 Nicole Close, Bayswater North, Victoria, AUSTRALIA, 3153
Telephone	+ 61 3 9761 7331
Fax	+ 61 3 9761 7337
Emergency	+ 61 3 9761 7331
Email	sales@superiorcoatings.com.au
Web Site	http://www.superiorcoatings.com.au/
Synonym(s)	SUPERIOR COATINGS EASY FIX SOLUTION
Use(s)	INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS
SDS Date	22 Dec 2010

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

#### **RISK PHRASES**

R20 Harmful by inhalation.

R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

SAFETY PHRASES

S2 Keep out of reach of children.

S23 Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray (where applicable).

#### NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

DG Class

UN	No.	No
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one Allocated

None Allocated

Subsidiary Risk(s) None Allocated

Packing Group	None Allocated	Hazchem Code	None Allocated

## **3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Ingredient	Formula	CAS No.	Content
STYRENE	С8-Н8	100-42-5	<3%

## **4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

Еуе	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator or an Air- line respirator (in poorly ventilated areas). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.
Skin	If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.
Ingestion	For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically.



#### **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

- Flammability Flammable. May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition. Styrene will polymerise readily at elevated temperatures and may violently rupture sealed containers. May form explosive mixtures with air. Eliminate all ignition sources including cigarettes, open flames, spark producing switches/tools, heaters, naked lights, pilot lights, mobile phones etc. when handling. Earth containers when dispensing fluids.
- Fire andEvacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwindExplosionand notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing<br/>Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

**Extinguishing** Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains or waterways.

Hazchem Code None Allocated

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Spillage** Contact emergency services where appropriate. Use personal protective equipment. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbant material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Eliminate all ignition sources.

#### 7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

- **Storage** Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from oxidising agents, acids, alkalis, amines, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage areas should have appropriate fire protection and ventilation systems.
- **Handling** Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Exposure Stds**

Ingredient	Reference	Т	WA	S	TEL
Styrene, monomer	SWA (AUS)	50 ppm	213 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	100 ppm	426 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Biological Limits	Ingredient	Reference	Determinant	Sampling Time	BEI
	STYRENE	ACGIH BEI	Maldelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid in urine	End of shift	400 mg/g creatinine
		ACGIH BEI	Styrene in venous blood	End of shift	0.2 mg/L

Engineering Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical explosion proof extraction ventilation is recommended. Flammable/ explosive vapours may accumulate in poorly ventilated areas. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel some distance to an ignition source and flash back. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

B

Wear splash-proof goggles, viton (R) or PVA gloves and coveralls. Where an inhalation risk exists, wear: a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator.



## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Odour pH Vapour Pressure Vapour Density OFF-WHITE PASTE STRONG ODOUR NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE

Solubility (water) Specific Gravity % Volatiles Flammability Flash Point NOT AVAILABLE 1.2 NOT AVAILABLE CLASS C1 COMBUSTIBLE 125°C



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Boiling Point	NOT AVAILABLE	Upper Explosion Limit	NOT AVAILABLE
Melting Point	NOT AVAILABLE	Lower Explosion Limit	NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation Rate	NOT AVAILABLE		

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Chemical Stability	Stable under recommended conditions of storage.
Conditions to Avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
Material to Avoid	Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg. hypochlorites), acids (eg. nitric acid), alkalis (eg. hydroxides), amines, halogens, sunlight, ferrous salts, heat and ignition sources. May polymerise with violent rupture/explosion.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.
Hazardous Reactions	May polymerise with violent rupture/explosion.

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Health Hazard Summary	Low to moderate toxicity - irritant. This product has the potential to cause adverse health effects with over exposure. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Over exposure may result in "Styrene Sickness", with headache, fatigue and dizziness. Styrene is classified as possibly carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2B). Due to the product form, the potential for an inhalation hazard is reduced.
Eye	Irritant. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.
Inhalation	Irritant. Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, coughing, nausea, vomiting, dizziness and breathing difficulties. High level exposure may result in respiratory paralysis and unconsciousness. Styrene is classified as possibly carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2B).
Skin	Irritant. Contact may result in irritation, redness, pain and rash.
Ingestion	Low to moderate toxicity. Ingestion may result in gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, headache, abdominal pain and diarrhoea. However, due to product form ingestion is considered unlikely. Maintain good personal hygiene standards.
Toxicity Data	STYRENE (100-42-5) LC50 (Inhalation): 9500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> /4 hours (mouse) LCLo (Inhalation): 4000 ppm/4 hours (rabbit) LD50 (Ingestion): 316 mg/kg (mouse) TCLo (Inhalation): 20 ug/m <sup>3</sup> (human - ears, eyes, sense of taste)

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Environment** WATER: If released to water, styrene will volatilise relatively rapidly and biodegrade, but is not expected to hydrolyse. SOIL: If released to soil it will biodegrade and have low soil mobility. ATMOSPHERE: If released to the atmosphere, styrene will react rapidly with both hydroxyl radicals and ozone with a combined calculated half-life of ~5 hours.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Waste Disposal** For small amounts absorb with sand, vermiculite or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Contact the manufacturer for additional information if larger amounts are involved. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways as aquatic life may be threatened and environmental damage may result.

**Legislation** Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

Shipping Name	None Allocated				
UN No.	None Allocated	DG Class	None Allocated	Subsidiary Risk(s)	None Allocated
Packing Group	None Allocated	Hazchem Code	None Allocated		



## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**Poison Schedule** A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP).

AICS

All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Additional Information

IARC - GROUP 2B - POSSIBLE HUMAN CARCINOGEN. This product contains an ingredient which has demonstrated sufficient evidence to have been classified by the International Agency for Research into Cancer (IARC) as possibly carcinogenic to humans and whose use should be strictly monitored and controlled.

WELDING - SANDING - CUTTING DRIED OR CURED PRODUCT: If sanding, cutting or welding dried or cured product, adverse health effects may be avoided by the use of appropriate engineering controls and/or personal protective equipment. If welding, wear a Class P2 (Metal fume) respirator and depending on the nature of the surface being welded, additional protection (eg. for organic vapours/acid gas) may also be required. A Class P1 (Particulate) respirator is recommended if dust is generated.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

ABBREVIATIONS: ACGIH - American Conference of Industrial Hygienists.

ADG - Australian Dangerous Goods.

BEI - Biological Exposure Indice(s).

CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds.

CNS - Central Nervous System.

EC No - European Community Number.

HSNO - Hazardous Substances and New Organisms.

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer.

mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Milligrams per Cubic Metre.

NOS - Not Otherwise Specified.

pH - relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).

ppm - Parts Per Million.

RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit.

SWA - Safe Work Australia.

TWA - Time Weighted Average.

#### HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a Chem Alert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this Chem Alert report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

**Report Status** This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer of the product and serves as the manufacturer's Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared By Risk Management Technologies 5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth



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# **EASY FIX SOLUTION**

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> SDS Date 22 Dec 2010 End of Report

Chem/Alert.

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